A 78-year-old man with history of esophageal adenocarcinoma, in remission 9 months after resection, chemotherapy, and radiation,presented with a peripapillary choroidal lesion with leopard-spot pigmentation and disc edema (A). Extraocular extension was demonstratedon B-scan and magnetic resonance imaging (B, C). A transconjunctival orbitotomy approach was performed rather than choroidal fine-needlebiopsy to maximize tissue yield. Histopathology revealed expression of keratin (D), cytokeratin 20, caudal-related homeobox transcriptionfactor 2 (CDX-2), and cytokeratin 7. Positron emission tomography scan showed noprimary tumor recurrence or additional metastases